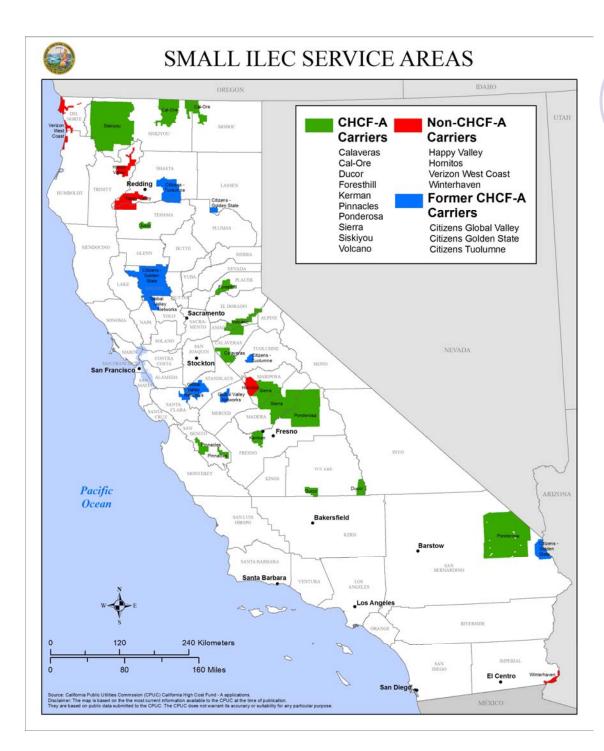


Comparative Analysis of Small ILEC CHCF-A Carriers to Non-CHCF-A Carriers 2011

Communications Division

December 2011



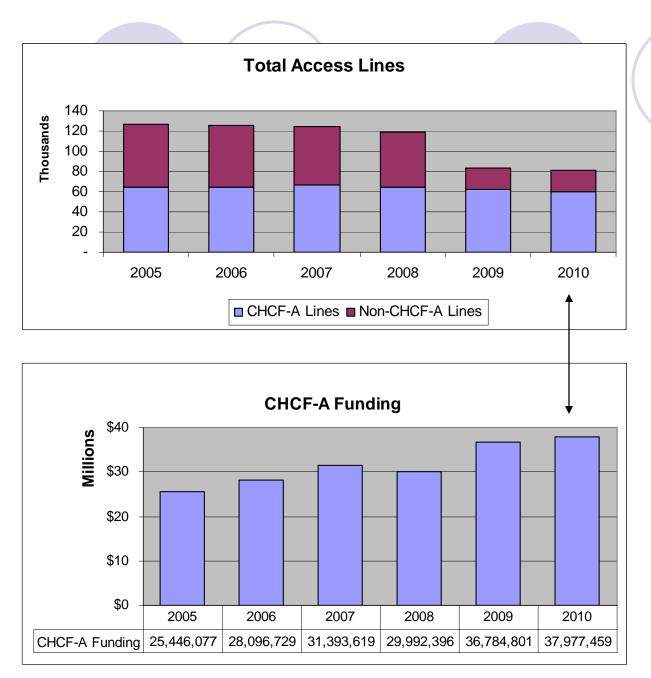


- This is an ongoing Communications Division study of small ILECs operating in California who are eligible to receive CHCF-A funding.
- The report covers the most recent six years of carrier financial data.
- The last report was released in 2009 and covered 2003-2008.
- This report has been updated for 2011 to include the most recent data and covers 2005-2010.

Carrier Comparison Statistics



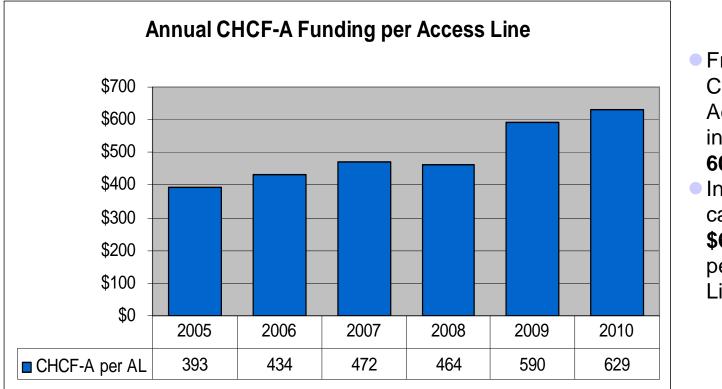
- Revenue per Access Line is 164% greater for CHCF-A carriers than for Non-CHCF-A carriers on average, 301% greater in 2010. Even after CHCF-A fund support is excluded, CHCF-A carriers still earned 100% more revenues per Access Line than their Non-CHCF-A counterparts on average, 189% more in 2010.
- Net Income per Access Line is 106% greater for CHCF-A carriers than for Non-CHCF-A carriers on average, 43% higher in 2010. Focusing on operating income, in 2010 CHCF-A carriers earned 773% more than Non-CHCF-A carriers. When CHCF-A support is excluded from net income, CHCF-A companies net income becomes negative.
- Operating Expense per Access Line is 186% greater for CHCF-A carriers than for Non-CHCF-A carriers on average, 252% greater in 2010.
 - •CHCF-A carriers expenses per Access Line versus Non-CHCF-A carriers in 2010:
 - 456% more on Corporate Operating expenses
 - 236% more on Plant Specific expenses
 - **52% more** on Customer Operating expenses
 - 294% more on Other Operating expenses
- Net Average Total Plant In Service per Access Line is 207% greater for CHCF-A carriers than for Non CHCF-A carriers on average, 431% greater in 2010.
 - CHCF-A carriers Plant per Access Line versus Non-CHCF-A carriers in 2010:
 - **333% more** Land and Support
 - 177% more Cable and Wire
 - 10% more Central Office Switching
 - 92% more Transmission





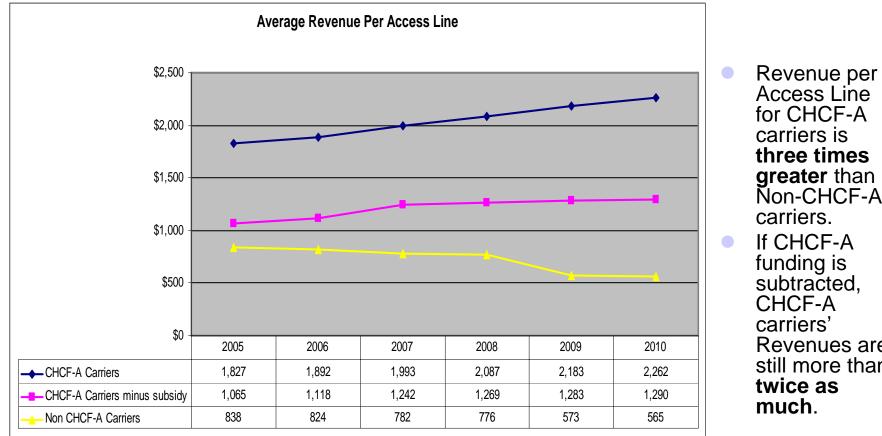
- The total number of Access Lines has been decreasing slightly.
- 2009 saw a large drop as three carriers became ineligible.
- Despite the loss of lines, the CHCF-A has continued to increase.

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- From 2005 to 2010 CHCF-A funding per Access Line increased by \$236 or 60%.
- In 2010, CHCF-A carriers received
 \$629 per year, \$52 per month per Access Line on average.

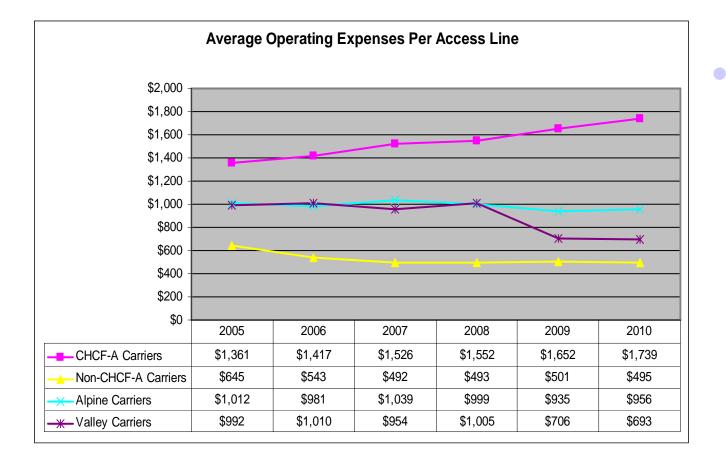


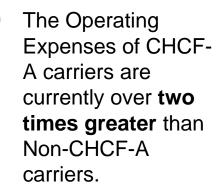


for CHCF-A three times greater than Non-CHCF-A

funding is subtracted, Revenues are still more than









Average Operating Expense Components Per Access Line											
(Represents the percentage that CHCF-A carriers expense components per AL are greater than Non-CHCF-A carriers)											
Expense Components:	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010					
Plant Specific Expense	164%	200%	249%	204%	257%	236%					
Customer Operating Expense	62%	90%	85%	76%	223%	52%					
Corporate Operating Expense	71%	212%	326%	490%	177%	456%					
Total Operating Expense	111%	161%	210%	215%	230%	252%					

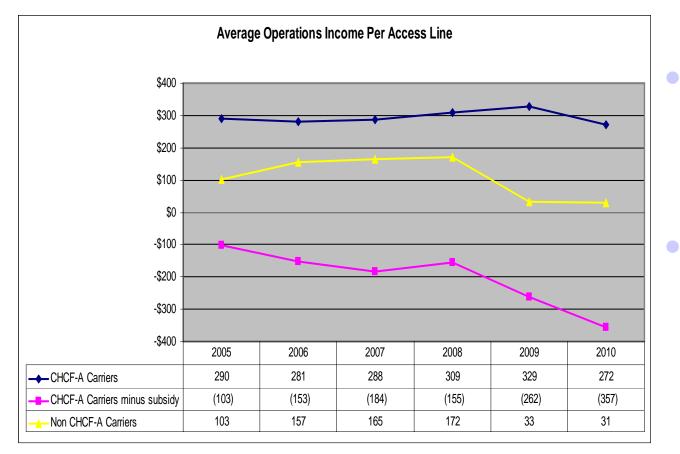
- CHCF-A carriers are currently spending 52% to 456% more on operating expense components than Non-CHCF-A carriers.
- The Total Operating Expense disparity continues to increase.





- CHCF-A carriers are allowed to collect significantly higher Net Income per line than non CHCF-A carriers in order to make a similar return on their investment due to their greater amount of TPIS.
- In 2010, D.10-06-029 ordered the small LECs to repay \$31.3M they had received in 2006 from the Rural Telephone Bank (RTB). This is the cause of the spike in 2006 and the decline in 2010.





- Operations Income excludes Other company income and expenses not directly related to operations, such as the \$31.3M from the RTB.
- Operations Income for CHCF-A carriers is currently over **eight times greater** than non CHCF-A carriers.



Total Plant in Service (TPIS) per Access Line

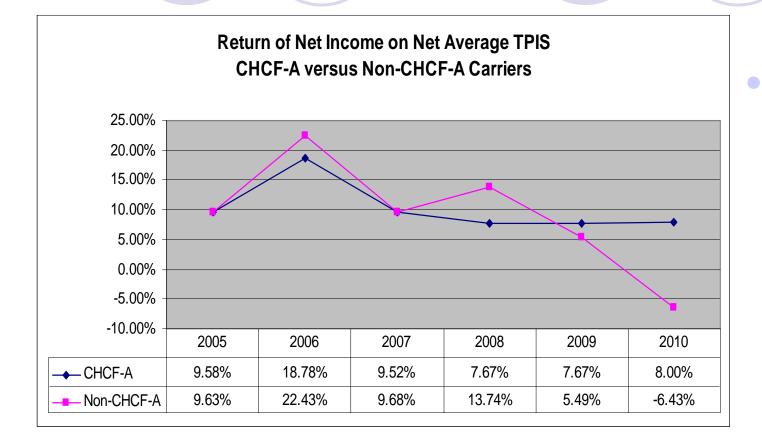
(Represents the percentages that CHCF-A carriers TPIS per AL are greater than Non-CHCF-A carriers)

TPIS Components:	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Land and Support	189%	209%	211%	211%	320%	333%
Central Office Switching	4%	9%	11%	-3%	6%	10%
Transmission	68%	71%	71%	65%	99%	92%
Cable and Wire	88%	89%	113%	107%	151%	177%
Above Ground	-74%	-75%	-63%	-58%	-75%	-75%
Net Average TPIS	137%	179%	199%	175%	375%	431%

 CHCF-A carriers are currently spending 10% to 333% more on operating expense components and 431% more total than Non-CHCF-A carriers.

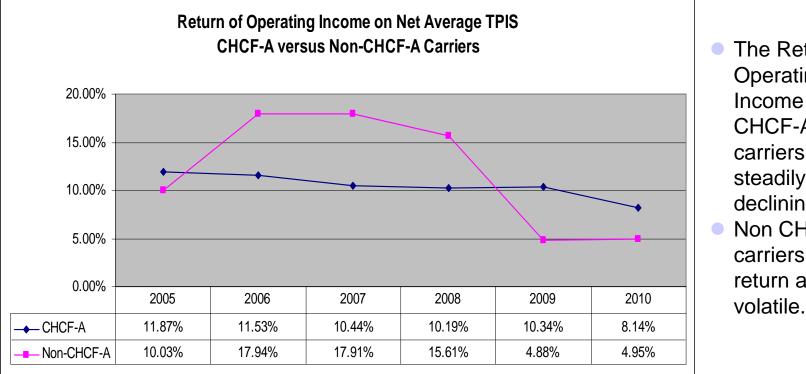
 Non CHCF-A Carriers spend more on aerial cable





D.10-06-029 affected Non-CHCF-A carriers much more than CHCF-A carriers as the RTB money comprised a larger share of their income.





The Return of Operating Income for CHCF-A carriers is steadily declining. Non CHCF-A carriers rates of return are more

Findings



This second study of CHCF-A carriers was conducted as a continuing effort to determine whether significant differences continue to exist in the business practices of CHCF-A and Non-CHCF-A carriers that may explain their increasingly higher draws from the CHCF-A fund.

The 2009 report found that per line, CHCF-A carriers:

- Significantly outspent Non-CHCF-A carriers
- Employed more plant in service than Non-CHCF-A carriers
- Generated greater revenues and net income than non-CHCF-A carriers

These findings remain true in 2011. In fact the disparity between CHCF-A and Non-CHCF-A carriers has increased for all three categories. This growth in disparity is a result of changes in CHCF-A carrier finances. Non CHCF-A carriers' revenues, expenses, and plant remain relatively even.

Definitions and Information



- Access lines: Unique telecommunications access points. One Access Line generally indicates one customer.
- Alpine Carriers: Carriers with a substantial part of their territory in the mountainous / foothill terrain. They included all carriers except those listed as Valley below.
- **Valley Carriers**: Carriers with substantial parts of their territory in non mountainous/mostly flat terrain. For the purpose of this study they were; Ducor, Global Valley, Kerman, and Winterhaven.
- CHCF-A: California High Cost Fund-A
- **CHCF-A Carriers**: Small Local Exchange Carriers (LECs) that receive CHCF-A subsidy funding. They include; Calaveras, Cal-Ore, Ducor, Foresthill, Kerman, Pinnacles, Ponderosa, Sierra, Siskiyou, and Volcano.
- **Non-CHCF-A carriers**: Happy Valley, Hornitos, Verizon WC, Winterhaven and Citizens-G, Citizens-T, and Global Valley which, in 2009, become part of Citizens California and are no longer Non-CHCF-A carriers.
- **Revenue**: Local, Network, Long Distance, Miscellaneous, and Uncollectible Revenues.
- **Net income**: Operating Revenues less Operating Expenses less Taxes and Interest.
- **Operations income**: Operating Revenue less Operating Expenses less Other operating income and expenses less operating taxes.
- **Operating Expense Components**: Depreciations and Amortizations, (D&A), Plant Specifics, Customer Operations, and Corporate Operations.
- Rate of Return: Income as a percentage of net average TPIS.
- **TPIS**: Telephone Plant In Service.
- **TPIS Components**: Land and Support, Central Office Switching, Transmission, Cable and Wire, Above Ground
- Net Average TPIS: average of beginning year TPIS and end of year TPIS.

Data Collection

- Carrier information was obtained from reports based on FCC Form M filed annually with the Commission.
- CHCF-A and federal USF subsidy data were obtained from Commission records.